

HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

First row means first choices - the system will bond in most cases) Second row means second choices - the system should bond Third row means the bonding system may bond

Only full tests will optimise the bonding system. There are cases where a third choice has been the correct choice for a particular end use.

Our recommendations may change depending on the end-application and environmental requirements.

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ELASTOMER	CILBOND 1 COAT SYSTEM	CILBOND 2 COAT SYSTEM	COMMENTS Please read before selection
Acrylic (ACM)	10E 62W 36 24 89ET 65W	12E / 80ET 12E / 65W	For 'S' cured use 24 For peroxide cures, use 12E / 80ET, 65W or 36 For general purpose bonding use 10E
Butyl (IIR) Chlorobutyl (CIIR)	24 89ET	12E / 80ET	12E/80ET bonds a wider range of compounds.
Chloroprene (CR)	24 89ET	12E / 80ET	24 or 12E / 80ET recommended for superior environmental resistance
Chlorosulphonated Polyethylene (CSM)	24 89ET	12E / 80ET	24 is normally first choice
Chlorinated Polyethylene (CPE)	24 89ET	12E / 80ET	24 is normally first choice
Epichlorhydrin (ECO)	24 62W 89ET 36	12E / 80ET	24 and 62W give highest resistance to hot fuels and to methanol / toluene blends
EPDM and EPR - Sulphur cured	89ET	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET is first choice. Especially for hot glycol, brake fluid and heat resistance.
EPDM and EPR - Peroxide cured	89ET	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET is first choice. Especially for hot glycol, brake fluid and heat resistance.
Fluoroelastomer (FKM) - Bisphenol or Amine cured	33 A/B 36 65W	12E (33 A/B)	33 A/B is first choice 36 may be best choice for complex or large parts
Fluoroelastomer (FKM) - Peroxide cured	36 65W 33 A/B	12E / 65W	65W bonds a wide range of compounds 36 has ultimate heat resistance to 250°C With 33 A/B, a 3 : 2 mix ratio may improve bonding
Natural (NR) High S	24 89ET	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET bonds all cure types. 24 and 12E / 80ET first choices for higher temperature glycol, oil and fluid resistance.
Polybutadiene (BR) Low S Styrene Butadiene	89ET 24	12E / 80ET	24 works best with 'S' cures, especially at ≥1 pph.
(SBR) Polyisoprene (IR)	89ET	12E / 80ET	

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CILBOND[®] ELASTOMER BONDING GUIDE

ELASTOMER		CILBOND	CILBOND	COMMENTS
		1 COAT SYSTEM	2 COAT SYSTEM	Please read before selection
		24	12E / 24	24 is first choice.
Polynorbornene (PNF	२)	89ET	12E / 80ET	A pre-bake may be necessary, especially for very
, , , ,				soft compounds.
		10E 62W	12E / 80ET	10E best suited for oil seals
	S Cures	89ET	10E / 80ET	12E / 80ET most versatile for all types of NBR
Nitrile (NBR)				10E / 80ET well suited for roller applications
	Peroxide Cures		12E / 80ET	62W has maximum oil / fuel resistance
		62W 89ET	10E / 80ET	
		10E		
		10E	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET is usually 1 st choice, but 10E is 1 st
Carboxylated NBR (X	(NBR)	24 62W		choice for oil / shaft seals.
	-	89ET		
			12E / 80ET	For 1 coat system a pre-bake may be necessary.
	S Cures	10E 89ET		12E / 80ET is the most versatile, having best
Hydrogenated NBR		24 62W		environmental resistance properties.
(HNBR)	Derevisie	89ET	12E / 80ET	24 may post-vulcanisation bond all cure systems.
	Peroxide Cures	36 65W		36 and 65W suit oil seal applications
	Cures		12E / 65W	12E / 80ET suits all types of cure systems
Acrylic Reinforced / M	lodified	36	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET is 1 st choice.
HNBR		89ET 65W		
		10E	10E / 80ET	10E is 1 st choice
PVC / NBR Blends		62W 89ET		Pre-bakes may be necessary
		24	12E / 80ET	
Polypropylene Oxide	(Parel [®])	89ET		
Castable Polyurethar	e (PLI)	49SF 45SF 48	49SF+B / 49SF	45SF or 49SF is the standard for
Hot cure : 90-110°C		49SF+B		Vulkollan [®] , Adiprene [®] , Vibrathane [®] etc.
		100110		49SF + Cilcure B and 48 give the ultimate in water
(see footnote)				and heat resistance
Castable Polyurethar	ne (PU)	49SF 48	49SF+B / 49SF	For bonding Quasi systems at
Quasi systems : 50-8		49SF+B		50-80°C with 49SF a pre-bake is required.
				For improved environmental resistance use
(see footnote)		41+B		49SF + Cilcure B, or 41+ Cilcure B
Castable Polyurethar	ne (PU)	41+B 41		Use 41 for standard polyol / isocyanate cold cures.
Cold Cure : \geq 20°C, in		49SF+B 48		41+ B or 49SF+B best for amine-based fast cures
sprayed and rotationa				and for exceptional environmental resistance.
(see footnote)				
. /		49SF 48		49SF and 48 are the standards for TPU
TPU		45SF		Pre-bakes are recommended for best results
				Avoid moulding onto cold metals.
	Millable PU		12E / 80ET	48 and 49SF for NCO cures.
				12E / 80ET for peroxide and 'S' cures
Millable PU		48 49SF	1	89ET will bond all cure types
Millable PU				
	ne (VMQ)	36 65W		65W bonds a wide range of compounds.
Millable PU Peroxide cured Silico and Fluorosilicone (F		36 65W		65W bonds a wide range of compounds.
Peroxide cured Silico		36 65W 33A/B		
Peroxide cured Silico		33A/B		65W bonds a wide range of compounds.Use 36 for high temperature/dynamic situations.36 or 33 A/B for FVMQ.
Peroxide cured Silico	VMQ)	33A/B		65W bonds a wide range of compounds. Use 36 for high temperature/dynamic situations.

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CILBOND[®] ELASTOMER BONDING GUIDE

ELASTOMER		CILBOND 1 COAT SYSTEM	CILBOND 2 COAT SYSTEM	COMMENTS Please read before selection
Siliconised EPDM		89ET	12E / 80ET	-
TPE		89ET	12E / 89ET 12E / 80ET	89ET first choice
Engage [®] - Ethylene octene copolymer (OEM)		89ET	12E / 80ET	-
AEM, Ethylene Acrylate Copolymer	S Cures Vamac [®] G	20 36 24 10E 89ET	12E / 80ET	Use 20 for bonding Vamac G series, giving heat resistance to ≥200°C. 24 for general purpose.
e.g., Vamac®	Peroxide Cures Vamac [®] D	36 89ET 65W 62W 24	12E / 80ET	36 bonds both series. 36 gives excellent long-term heat resistance. 12E / 80ET bonds both series equally well
(Vamac [®] / Viton [®] alloys)			12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET bonds all alloys, even Viton [®] rich blends.
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate (EVM)		24 36	12E / 80ET	12E / 80ET bonds a wide range of compounds and is first choice
Miscellaneous bonding - Cast or cured PU to cured NR, CR, CSM or NBR compounds		89ET 41+B	89ET / 49SF+B 89ET / 48	20°C minimum to activate 41+B onto cured rubber 70°C minimum to activate 89ET onto cured rubber 95°C minimum to activate 80ET onto cured rubber
EPDM / CR (moulding EPDM to cured CR)		89ET 80ET		-
EPDM / CPE		89ET 80ET		-
Polypropylene bonding		89ET	89ET / 80ET	Prime the freshly flame or ionisation treated PP with 89ET. Using a cover of 80ET allows coated parts to be stored / transported.
Hytrel [®] / Metals		49SF 48	49SF/ 45SF	Pre-bake 49SF on metal. If feasible, have metals at >120°C when moulding the Hytrel [®] .

NOTES:

1. The following are trademarks:

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2. For Cilbond 41 + B or Cilbond 49SF + B, 'B' = Cilcure B. Use a mixing ratio of Cilbond 41 + Cilcure B = 100:5 (wt : wt) Cilbond 49SF + Cilcure B = 100:10 (wt : wt)

- 3. Cilbond 89ET has superb bonding capability, but contains isocyanate. This restricts its processing versatility, especially for automated application processes and storage of coated parts.
- 4. For more information on any of the recommendations, see the Technical Data Sheet.
- 5. For further information on Substrate Preparation see Information Sheets A1 and C19
- 6. For further information on Methods of Application see Information Sheet A7.

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